

<IGBT Modules>

# CM400ST-24S1

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE INSULATED TYPE



fourpack (BRIDGE & AC SWITCH)

BRIDGE 1200V

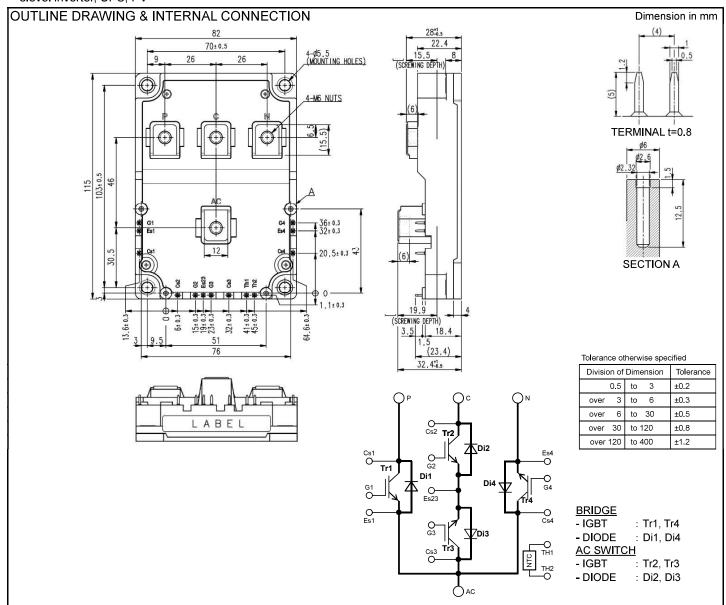
AC SWITCH 6 5 0 V

Maximum junction temperature T<sub>vjmax</sub> ...... 1 7 5 °C

- Flat base Type
- Copper base plate
- •Tin plating pin terminals
- RoHS Directive compliant\*
- •Recognized under UL1557, File E323585

# **APPLICATION**

3level inverter, UPS, PV



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# HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

**INSULATED TYPE** 

# MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>vj</sub>=25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

BRIDGE PART IGBT/DIODE (Tr1, Tr4, Di1, Di4)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Rating	Unit
V <sub>CES</sub> Collector-emitter voltage		G-E short-circuited	1200	V
V <sub>GES</sub> Gate-emitter voltage		C-E short-circuited	± 20	V
Ic	Callegter gurrant	DC, T <sub>C</sub> =103 °C (Note2, 4)	400	Α
I <sub>CRM</sub> Collector current		Pulse, Repetitive, V <sub>GE</sub> =15 V (Note3)	800	_ ^
P <sub>tot</sub>	Total power dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C (Note2, 4)	2340	W
l <sub>E</sub> (Note1)	Emitter current	DC (Note2)	400	۸
I <sub>ERM</sub> (Note1)		Pulse, Repetitive (Note3)	800	Α

AC SWITCH PART IGBT/DIODE (Tr2, Tr3, Di2, Di3)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Rating	Unit	
V <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-emitter voltage	G-E short-circuited	650	V	
V <sub>GES</sub> Gate-emitter voltage		C-E short-circuited	± 20	V	
Ic	Collector current	DC, T <sub>C</sub> =95°C (Note2, 4)	400	А	
I <sub>CRM</sub>	Collector current	Pulse, Repetitive, V <sub>GE</sub> =15 V (Note3)	800		
P <sub>tot</sub>	Total power dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C (Note2, 4)	1415	W	
l <sub>E</sub> (Note1)	Emitter current	DC (Note2)	400	Α	
I <sub>ERM</sub> (Note1)	Emilier current	Pulse, Repetitive (Note3)	800	Α	

MODULE

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Rating	Unit
V <sub>isol</sub>	Isolation voltage	Terminals to base plate, RMS, f=60 Hz, AC 1 min	4000	V
T <sub>vjmax</sub>	Maximum junction temperature	Instantaneous event (overload)	175	°C
T <sub>Cmax</sub>	Maximum case temperature	(Note4)	125	
T <sub>vjop</sub>	Operating junction temperature	Continuous operation (under switching)	<del>-4</del> 0 ~ +150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature	-	-40 ~ +125	

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{vj}$ =25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

BRIDGE PART IGBT/DIODE (Tr1, Tr4, Di1, Di4)

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Conditions		Limits			
Syllibol	item	Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
I <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-emitter cut-off current	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>CES</sub> , G-E short-circuited	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>CES</sub> , G-E short-circuited		-	1.0	mA	
I <sub>GES</sub>	Gate-emitter leakage current	V <sub>GE</sub> =V <sub>GES</sub> , C-E short-circuited		-	-	0.5	μA	
$V_{\text{GE(th)}}$	Gate-emitter threshold voltage	I <sub>C</sub> =40mA, V <sub>CE</sub> =10 V		5.4	6.0	6.6	V	
		I <sub>C</sub> =400 A, V <sub>GE</sub> =15 V,	T <sub>vj</sub> =25 °C	-	1.80	2.25		
V <sub>CEsat</sub>		Auxiliary Terminal	T <sub>vj</sub> =125 °C	-	2.00	-	l v	
(Terminal)	Calle at an arrive and making well-	(Note5)	T <sub>vj</sub> =150 °C	-	2.05	-	1	
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	I <sub>C</sub> =400 A, V <sub>GE</sub> =15 V,	T <sub>vj</sub> =25 °C	-	1.70	2.15		
V <sub>CEsat</sub>		Chip	T <sub>vj</sub> =125 °C	-	1.90	-	l v	
(Chip)		(Note5)	T <sub>vj</sub> =150 °C	-	1.95	-		
Cies	Input capacitance			-	-	40	nF	
Coes	Output capacitance	V <sub>CE</sub> =10 V, G-E short-circuited	V <sub>cE</sub> =10 V, G-E short-circuited		-	8.0		
Cres	Reverse transfer capacitance	7		-	-	0.67		
Q <sub>G</sub>	Gate charge	V <sub>CC(P-C)</sub> =V <sub>CC(C-N)</sub> =300 V, I <sub>C</sub> =400A, V <sub>C</sub>	<sub>GE</sub> =15 V	-	840	-	nC	
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-on delay time	\\ -\\ -200\\ I =400\\	/ -:45 \/	-	-	700		
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time	$V_{\text{CC(P-C)}} = V_{\text{CC(C-N)}} = 300 \text{ V}, I_{\text{C}} = 400 \text{ A}, \text{ V}$	'GE=±15 V,	-	-	200	ns	
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-off delay time	7 B. 400 Latation Lord		-	-	600		
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time	$R_G=1.6 \Omega$ , Inductive load		-	-	150		
A1-1-4)		I <sub>E</sub> =400 A, G-E short-circuited,	T <sub>vj</sub> =25 °C	-	2.60	3.40		
V <sub>EC</sub> (Note1)		Auxiliary Terminal	T <sub>vj</sub> =125 °C	-	2.16	-	l v	
(Terminal)		(Note5)	(Note5)	T <sub>vj</sub> =150 °C	-	2.10	-	
(Noted)	Emitter-collector voltage	I <sub>E</sub> =400 A, G-E short-circuited,	T <sub>vj</sub> =25 °C	-	2.50	3.30		
V <sub>EC</sub> <sup>(Note1)</sup> (Chip)		Chip	T <sub>vj</sub> =125 °C	-	2.06	-	l v	
		(Note5)	T <sub>vj</sub> =150 °C	-	2.00	-		

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Publication Date : September 2016 CMH-10632-D Ver.1.4

# HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

**INSULATED TYPE** 

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont; Tvj=25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

BRIDGE PART IGBT/DIODE (Tr1, Tr4, Di1, Di4)

Symbol	Item	L Item Conditions		Conditions		Limits		Unit
Syllibol	item	Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oill	
t <sub>rr</sub> (Note1)	Reverse recovery time	$V_{CC(P-C)}=V_{CC(C-N)}=300 \text{ V}, I_E=400 \text{ A},$	V <sub>GE</sub> =±15 V,	-	-	250	ns	
Q <sub>rr</sub> (Note1)	Reverse recovery charge	R <sub>G</sub> =0 Ω(Tr2/Tr3), Inductive load		-	16	-	μC	
Eon	Turn-on switching energy per pulse	V <sub>CC(P-C)</sub> =V <sub>CC(C-N)</sub> =300 V, I <sub>C</sub> =I <sub>E</sub> =400 A,	D (Tr1 4) =1.6.0	-	17.0	-	m l	
E <sub>off</sub>	Turn-off switching energy per pulse	V <sub>GE</sub> =±15 V, T <sub>vj</sub> =150 °C,	$R_{G}(Tr1,4) = 1.6 \Omega$	-	23.5	-	mJ	
E <sub>rr</sub> (Note1)	Reverse recovery energy per pulse	Inductive load	$R_G(Tr2,3) = 0 \Omega$	-	7.0	-	mJ	
R <sub>cc'+EE'</sub>	Internal lead resistance	Main terminals-chip, per switch, Tc=25 °C (Note4)		1	1	0.25	mΩ	
r <sub>g</sub>	Internal gate resistance	Per switch		-	4.9	-	Ω	

# RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Cumbal	Itam	Conditions		Limits			Unit
Symbol	ltem			Min.	Тур.	Max.	
V <sub>CC(P-C)</sub>	(DC) Supply voltage	Applied across each of P to C and C to N		-	300	425	٧
$V_{GEon}$	Gate (-emitter drive) voltage	Applied across emitter to gate of each IGBT		13.5	15.0	16.5	V
R <sub>G</sub>	External gate resistance	Per switch	Tr1, Tr4	1.6	-	16	Ω

AC SWITCH PART IGBT/DIODE (Tr2, Tr3, Di2, Di3)

Symbol	Item Conditions -			Limits			
Зуппон			Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
I <sub>CES</sub>	Collector-emitter cut-off current	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>CES</sub> , G-E short-circuited	V <sub>CE</sub> =V <sub>CES</sub> , G-E short-circuited			1.0	mA
I <sub>GES</sub>	Gate-emitter leakage current	V <sub>GE</sub> =V <sub>GES</sub> , C-E short-circuited		-	-	0.5	μΑ
$V_{\text{GE(th)}}$	Gate-emitter threshold voltage	I <sub>C</sub> =40mA, V <sub>CE</sub> =10 V		5.4	6.0	6.6	V
		$I_{C}$ =400 A, $V_{GE}$ =15 V, $T_{vj}$ =25 °C	T <sub>vj</sub> =25 °C	-	1.35	1.75	
V <sub>CEsat</sub> (Terminal)		Auxiliary Terminal	T <sub>vj</sub> =125 °C	-	1.43	-	V
(Terminal)	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	(Note5)	T <sub>vj</sub> =150 °C	-	1.45	-	
	Collector-entitle Saturation Voltage	I <sub>C</sub> =400 A, V <sub>GE</sub> =15 V,	T <sub>vj</sub> =25 °C	-	1.25	1.65	
V <sub>CEsat</sub> (Chip)		Chip	T <sub>vj</sub> =125 °C	-	1.33	-	V
(Chip)		(Note5)	T <sub>vj</sub> =150 °C	-	1.35	-	]
Cies	Input capacitance			-	-	48	
Coes	Output capacitance	V <sub>CE</sub> =10 V, G-E short-circuited		-	-	3.1	nF
Cres	Reverse transfer capacitance	7	1 32 1		-	0.9	
Q <sub>G</sub>	Gate charge	V <sub>CC(P-C)</sub> =V <sub>CC(C-N)</sub> =300 V, I <sub>C</sub> =400 A	, V <sub>GE</sub> =15 V	-	1450	-	nC
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-on delay time	V V 000 V I 400 A			-	350	
tr	Rise time	$ V_{CC(P-C)}=V_{CC(C-N)}=300 \text{ V}, I_C=400 \text{ A}, V_{GE}=\pm15 \text{ V},$		-	-	150	ns
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-off delay time	7	<u> </u>		-	500	
tf	Fall time	$R_G$ =0 Ω, Inductive load		-	-	300	1
		I <sub>E</sub> =400 A, G-E short-circuited,	T <sub>vj</sub> =25 °C	-	2.00	2.80	
V <sub>EC</sub> (Note1)		Auxiliary Terminal	T <sub>vj</sub> =125 °C	-	1.95	-	V
(Terminal)		(Note5)	T <sub>vi</sub> =150 °C	-	1.90	-	
	- Emitter-collector voltage	I <sub>E</sub> =400A, G-E short-circuited,	T <sub>vj</sub> =25 °C	-	1.90	2.70	
V <sub>EC</sub> (Note1)		Chip	T <sub>vj</sub> =125 °C	-	1.85	-	V
(Chip)		(Note5)	T <sub>vi</sub> =150 °C	-	1.80	-	1
t <sub>rr</sub> (Note1)	Reverse recovery time	V <sub>CC(P-C)</sub> =V <sub>CC(C-N)</sub> =300 V, I <sub>E</sub> =400 A	, V <sub>GE</sub> =±15 V,	-	-	200	ns
Q <sub>rr</sub> (Note1)	Reverse recovery charge	R <sub>G</sub> =1.6 Ω(Tr1/Tr4), Inductive loa		_	16	_	μC
Eon	Turn-on switching energy per pulse	V <sub>CC(P-C)</sub> =V <sub>CC(C-N)</sub> =300 V, I <sub>C</sub> =I <sub>E</sub> =400 A,	I	_	0.2	_	
E <sub>off</sub>	Turn-off switching energy per pulse	$V_{GE}=\pm 15 \text{ V, } T_{vi}=150 \text{ °C,}$ $R_{G}(Tr2,3)=0 \Omega$		-	21.2	-	mJ
E <sub>rr</sub> (Note1)	Reverse recovery energy per pulse	Inductive load	$R_{G}(Tr1,4) = 1.6 \Omega$	_	15.3	-	mJ
R <sub>CC'+EE'</sub>	Internal lead resistance	Main terminals-chip, per switch,  Tc=25 °C (Note4)		-	-	0.25	mΩ
r <sub>g</sub>	Internal gate resistance	Per switch		_	1.5	<u> </u>	Ω

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# HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

# **INSULATED TYPE**

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont; Tvj=25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Item	Conditions			Limits		Unit
Symbol	item			Min.	Тур.	Max.	Oill
V <sub>CC(P-C)</sub>	(DC) Supply voltage	Applied across each of P to C and C to N		-	300	360	V
V <sub>GEon</sub>	Gate (-emitter drive) voltage	Applied across emitter to gate of each IGBT		13.5	15.0	16.5	V
R <sub>G</sub>	External gate resistance	Per switch	Tr2, Tr3	0	-	16	Ω

#### NTC THERMISTOR PART

Symbol	Item	Conditions		Unit		
Symbol	item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	01111
R <sub>25</sub>	Zero-power resistance	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C (Note4)	4.85	5.00	5.15	kΩ
ΔR/R	Deviation of resistance	R <sub>100</sub> =493 Ω, T <sub>C</sub> =100 °C (Note4)	-7.3	-	+7.8	%
B <sub>(25/50)</sub>	B-constant	Approximate by equation (Note6)	-	3375	-	K
P <sub>25</sub>	Power dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> =25 °C (Note4)	-	-	10	mW

### THERMAL RESISTANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Limits			Unit
Symbol		Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	O I II
R <sub>th(j-c)Q</sub>		Junction to case, per BRIDGE PART IGBT (Note4)	-	-	0.064	
R <sub>th(j-c)D</sub>	hermal resistance	Junction to case, per BRIDGE PART FWD (Note4)	-	-	0.105	Κ/W
R <sub>th(j-c)Q</sub>	Theimarresistance	Junction to case, per AC SWITCH PART IGBT (Note4)	-	-	0.106	I N/VV
R <sub>th(j-c)D</sub>		Junction to case, per AC SWITCH PART FWD (Note4)	-	-	0.165	
R <sub>th(c-s)</sub>	Contact thermal resistance	Case to heat sink, per 1 module,	- 0.011	0.011		K/W
		Thermal grease applied (Note4, 7)		-	IC/VV	

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Item	Conditions		Limits			Unit
Symbol	item	Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	] """ [
Mt	Mounting torque	Main terminals	M 6 screw	3.5	4.0	4.5	N∙m
Ms	Mounting torque	Mounting to heat sink	M 5 screw	2.5	3.0	3.5	N∙m
m	mass	-		-	560	-	g
a	Conservation of	Terminal to terminal		14.4	-	-	mm
d <sub>s</sub>	Creepage distance	Terminal to base plate		16.7	-	-	
_	Classana	Terminal to terminal		8.0	-	-	mm
d <sub>a</sub>	Clearance	Terminal to base plate		16.7	-	-	
e <sub>c</sub>	Flatness of base plate	On the centerline X, Y (Note8)		<b>-</b> 50	-	+100	μm

<sup>\*:</sup> This product is This product is compliant with the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS) directive 2011/65/EU.

Note1. Represent ratings and characteristics of the anti-parallel, emitter-collector free wheeling diode (FWD).

- 2. Junction temperature  $(T_{vj})$  should not increase beyond  $T_{vjmax}$  rating.
- 3. Pulse width and repetition rate should be such that the device junction temperature (Tvi) dose not exceed Tvimax rating.
- 4. Case temperature (T<sub>C</sub>) and heat sink temperature (T<sub>s</sub>) are defined on the each surface (mounting side) of base plate and heat sink just under the chips. Refer to the figure of chip location.

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5. Pulse width and repetition rate should be such as to cause negligible temperature rise.

6. 
$$B_{(25/50)} = In(\frac{R_{25}}{R_{50}})/(\frac{1}{T_{25}} - \frac{1}{T_{50}})$$

 $R_{25}$ : resistance at absolute temperature  $T_{25}$  [K];  $T_{25}$ =25 [°C]+273.15=298.15 [K]

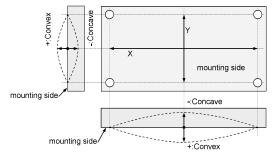
 $R_{50}$ : resistance at absolute temperature  $T_{50}$  [K];  $T_{50}$ =50 [°C]+273.15=323.15 [K]

7. Typical value is measured by using thermally conductive grease of  $\lambda$ =0.9 W/(m·K).

# HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

# **INSULATED TYPE**

Note8. The base plate (mounting side) flatness measurement points (X, Y) are as follows of the next figure.



9. Use the following screws when mounting the printed circuit board (PCB) on the standoffs. The length of the screw depends on thickness (t1.0~t1.6) of the PCB.

The length of the screw depends on thickness (tr.o~							
		Туре	Size	Tightening torque			
	(1)	PT®	K25×8	0.55 ± 0.055 <b>N</b> · m			
	(2)	PT®	K25×10	0.75 ± 0.075 <b>N</b> • m			
	(3)	DELTA PT®	25×8	0.55 ± 0.055 <b>N</b> • m			
	(4)	DELTA PT®	25×10	0.75 ± 0.075 <b>N ·</b> m			
	(5)	B1 tapping screw	φ2.6×10 or φ2.6×12	0.75 ± 0.075 <b>N</b> · m			

by handwork (equivalent to 30 r/min

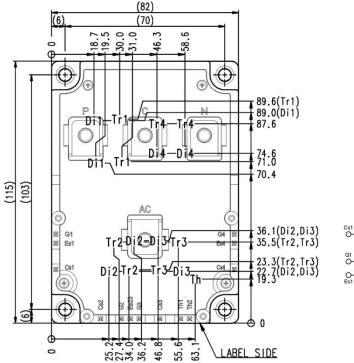
Recommended tightening method

by mechanical screw driver)

~ 600 r/min (by mechanical screw driver)

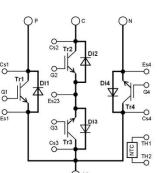
# CHIP LOCATION (Top view)

Dimension in mm, tolerance: ±1 mm



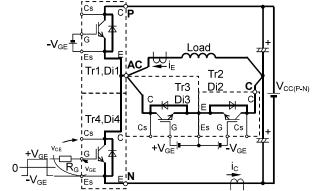
Tr1/Tr4: BRIDGE IGBT, Tr2/Tr3: AC SWITCH IGBT, Di1/Di4: BRIDGE FWD, Di2/Di3: AC SWITCH FWD, Th: NTC thermistor.

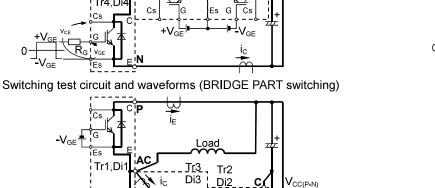
5

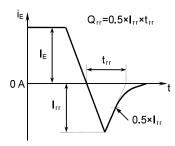


# **INSULATED TYPE**





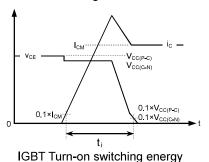


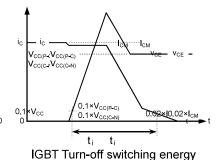


 $t_{d(on)}$ 

90 %

Switching test circuit and waveforms (AC SWITCH PART switching)





trr, Qrr test waveform V<sub>CC(P-C)</sub>

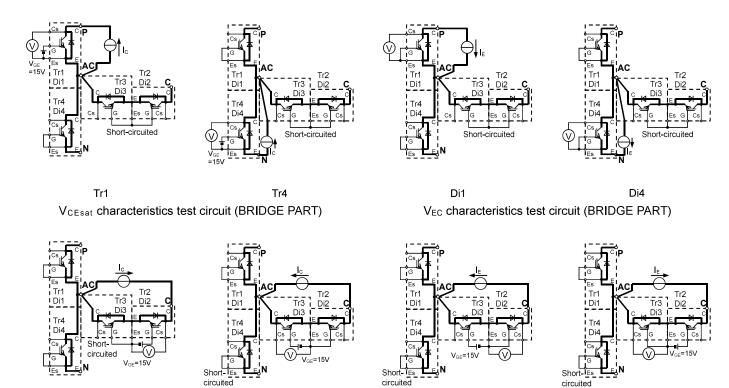
FWD Reverse recovery energy

Turn-on / Turn-off switching energy and Reverse recovery energy test waveforms (Integral time instruction drawing)

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

# **INSULATED TYPE**

# **TEST CIRCUIT**



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Di3

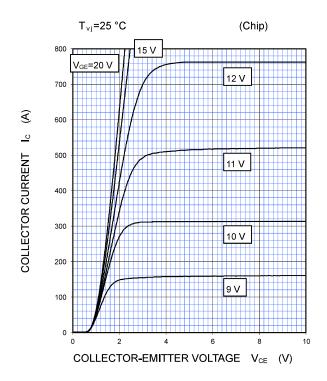
Di2

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE INSULATED TYPE

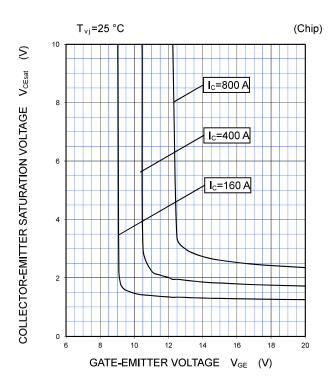


**BRIDGE PART** 

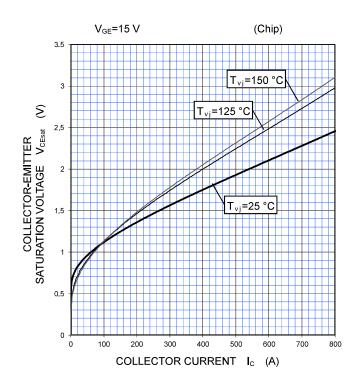
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



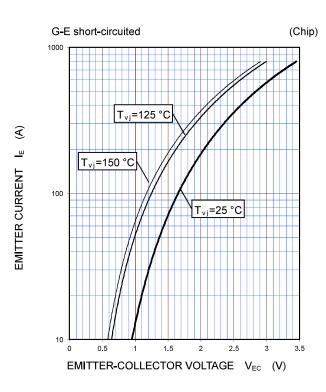
# COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



#### COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



FREE WHEELING DIODE FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE INSULATED TYPE

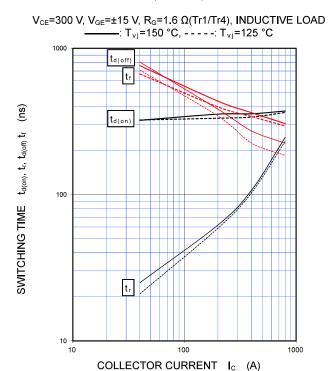
### PERFORMANCE CURVES

### **BRIDGE PART**

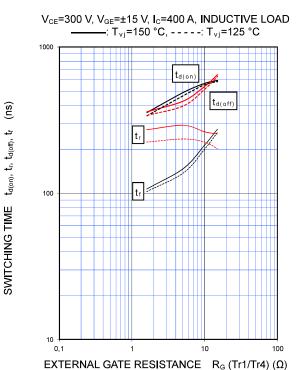
E)

SWITCHING ENERGY

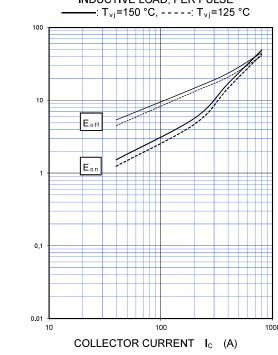
#### HALF-BRIDGE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



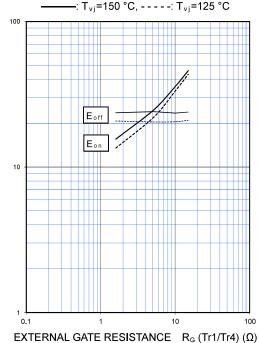
#### HALF-BRIDGE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



# HALF-BRIDGE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL) $V_{CE}=300 \text{ V, } V_{GE}=\pm15 \text{ V, } R_{G}=1.6 \Omega(Tr1/Tr4), \\ \text{INDUCTIVE LOAD, PER PULSE} \\ \hline \qquad : T_{vj}=150 \,^{\circ}\text{C, ----:} T_{vj}=125 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$



# HALF-BRIDGE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL) V<sub>CE</sub>=300 V, V<sub>GE</sub>=±15 V, I<sub>C</sub>=400 A, INDUCTIVE LOAD, PER PULSE ——: T<sub>vj</sub>=150 °C, - - - - : T<sub>vj</sub>=125 °C



(E

SWITCHING ENERGY (mJ) REVERSE RECOVERY ENERGY

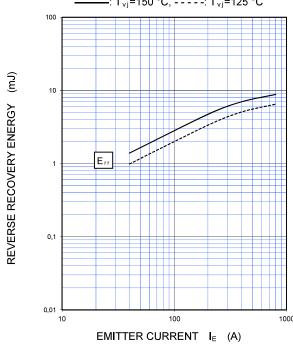
HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE

# **INSULATED TYPE**

### PERFORMANCE CURVES

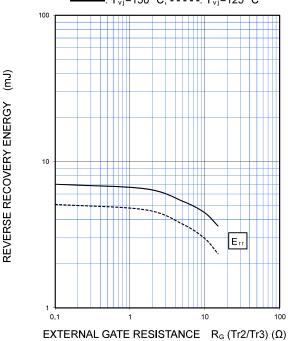
**BRIDGE PART** 

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{HALF-BRIDGE} \\ \text{SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS} \\ (\text{TYPICAL}) \\ \text{$V_{\text{CE}}$=}300 \text{ V, $V_{\text{GE}}$=}\pm15 \text{ V, $R_{\text{G}}$=}0 \ \Omega \ (\text{Tr2/Tr3}), \\ \text{INDUCTIVE LOAD, PER PULSE} \\ \hline \qquad \qquad : $T_{v_{\text{J}}}$=}150 \ ^{\circ}\text{C}, ----: T_{v_{\text{J}}}$=}125 \ ^{\circ}\text{C} \end{array}$ 



HALF-BRIDGE
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS
(TYPICAL)

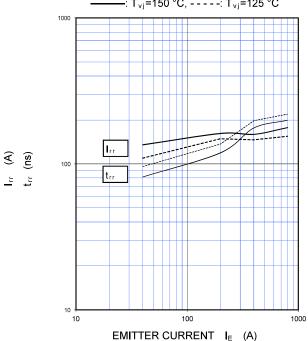
V<sub>CE</sub>=300 V, V<sub>GE</sub>=±15 V, I<sub>E</sub>=400 A,
INDUCTIVE LOAD, PER PULSE
——: T<sub>vj</sub>=150 °C, - - - - : T<sub>vj</sub>=125 °C



### FREE WHEELING DIODE REVERSE RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)

 $V_{CE}$ =300 V,  $V_{GE}$ =±15 V,  $R_{G}$ =0  $\Omega$  (Tr2/Tr3), INDUCTIVE LOAD

——:  $T_{v_i}$ =150 °C, - - - - :  $T_{v_i}$ =125 °C



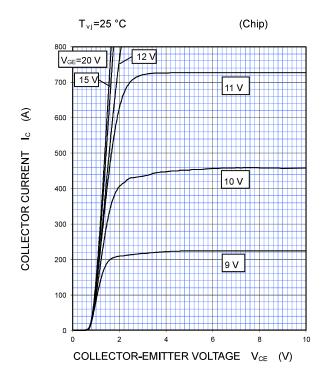
10

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE INSULATED TYPE

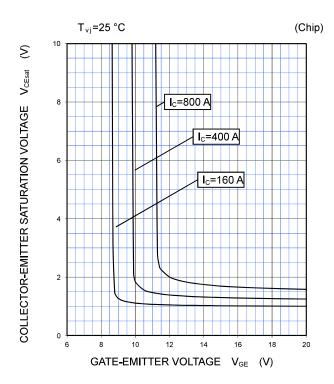
### PERFORMANCE CURVES

AC SWITCH PART

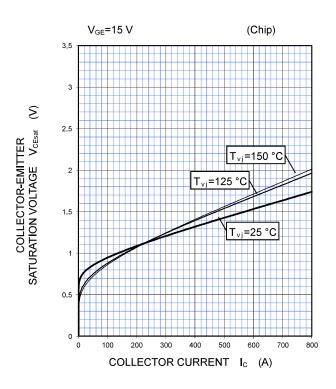
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



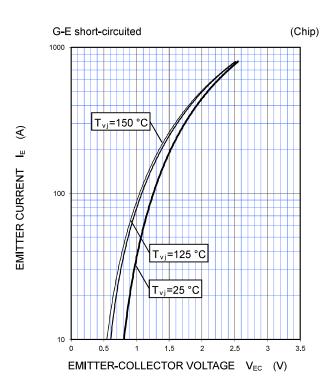
#### COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



#### COLLECTOR-EMITTER SATURATION VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



FREE WHEELING DIODE FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)

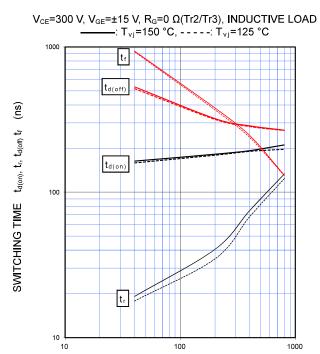


HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE INSULATED TYPE

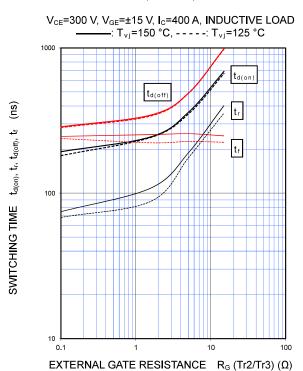
### PERFORMANCE CURVES

### AC SWITCH PART

#### HALF-BRIDGE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



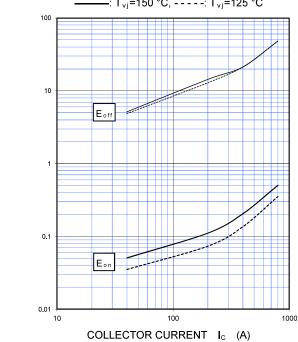
#### HALF-BRIDGE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



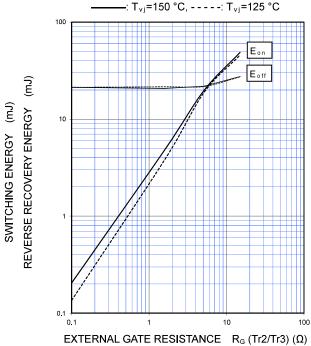
### HALF-BRIDGE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL) (c=300 V, V<sub>GE</sub>=±15 V, R<sub>G</sub>=0 Ω(Tr2/Tr3

COLLECTOR CURRENT Ic (A)

 $V_{CE}$ =300 V,  $V_{GE}$ =±15 V,  $R_{G}$ =0  $\Omega$ (Tr2/Tr3), INDUCTIVE LOAD, PER PULSE —::  $T_{vi}$ =150 °C, ----:  $T_{vi}$ =125 °C



# HALF-BRIDGE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL) V<sub>CE</sub>=300 V, V<sub>GE</sub>=±15 V, I<sub>C</sub>=400 A, INDUCTIVE LOAD, PER PULSE



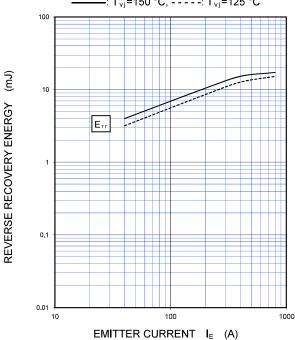
**SWITCHING ENERGY** 

HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE INSULATED TYPE

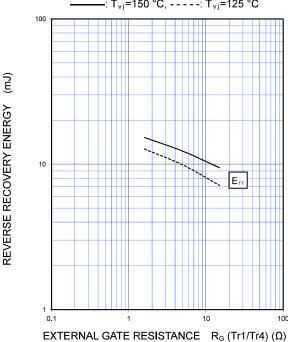
### PERFORMANCE CURVES

### AC SWITCH PART

HALF-BRIDGE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)  $V_{\text{CE}} = 300 \text{ V, } V_{\text{GE}} = \pm 15 \text{ V, } R_{\text{G}} = 1.6 \Omega \text{ (Tr1/Tr4),} \\ \text{INDUCTIVE LOAD, PER PULSE} \\ \hline \qquad \qquad : T_{vj} = 150 \,^{\circ}\text{C, ----:} T_{vj} = 125 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

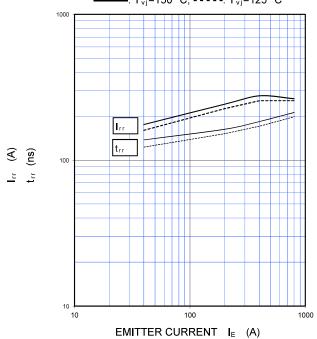


# HALF-BRIDGE SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL) V<sub>CE</sub>=300 V, V<sub>GE</sub>=±15 V, I<sub>E</sub>=400 A, INDUCTIVE LOAD, PER PULSE ——: T<sub>vj</sub>=150 °C, - - - - : T<sub>vj</sub>=125 °C



#### FREE WHEELING DIODE REVERSE RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)

 $V_{CE}$ =300 V,  $V_{GE}$ =±15 V,  $R_{G}$ =1.6  $\Omega$  (Tr1/Tr4), INDUCTIVE LOAD  $T_{V_{i}}$ =150 °C, ----:  $T_{V_{i}}$ =125 °C

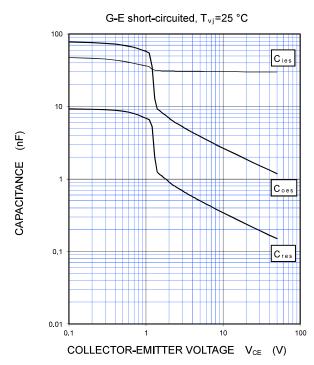


HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE INSULATED TYPE

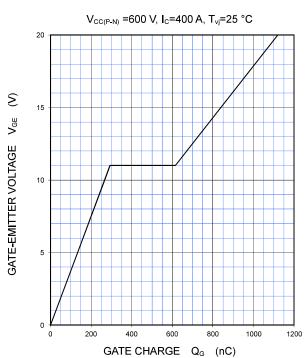
### PERFORMANCE CURVES

**BRIDGE PART** 

CAPACITANCE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)

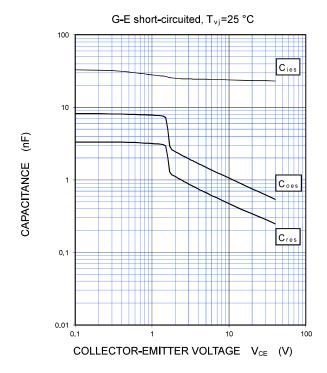


### GATE CHARGE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)

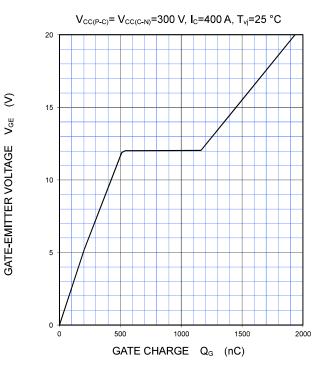


#### AC SWITCH PART

CAPACITANCE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



### GATE CHARGE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



HIGH POWER SWITCHING USE INSULATED TYPE

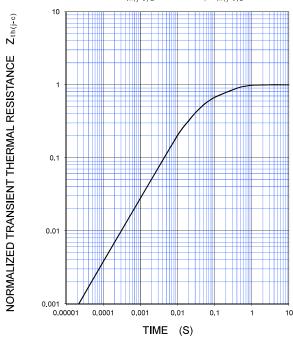
### PERFORMANCE CURVES

**COMMON PART** 

TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE CHARACTERISTICS (MAXIMUM)

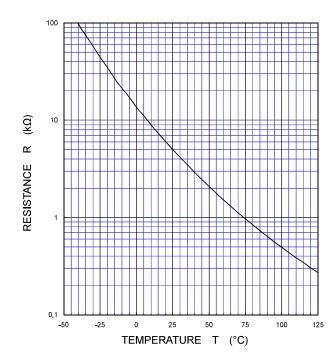
Single pulse, T<sub>C</sub>=25 °C

BRIDGE PART:  $R_{th(j-c)Q}$ =0.064 K/W,  $R_{th(j-c)D}$ =0.105 K/W AC SWITCH PART:  $R_{th(j-c)Q}$ =0.106 K/W,  $R_{th(j-c)D}$ =0.165 K/W



# NTC THERMISTOR PART

TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS (TYPICAL)



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